

Optical Power Meter Measurement of OLT Emission Selective Wavelength



Overview

This feature allows you to measure optical power at wavelengths corresponding to networks RFoG or xPON.

Key Takeaways

Accurate measurement of OLT optical power at selective wavelengths requires a wavelength-selective optical power meter or filtered PON tester to isolate the specific service wavelength, avoiding errors from multiple simultaneous signals.

Principles of Measurement

An optical power meter (OPM) measures the optical power in fiber systems using a calibrated photodiode sensor, typically made of Si, Ge, or InGaAs, depending on the wavelength range.

Standard OP

Ms are wavelength-dependent, meaning the detector's response varies with wavelength. For accurate measurements, the meter must either be set to the correct wavelength or use a wavelength-selective head that automatically compensates for spectral responsivity.



In PO

N systems, OLT emissions often include multiple wavelengths simultaneously (e.g., 1490 nm for G-PON downstream, 1550 nm for broadcast video, 1577 nm for XGS-PON). Using a broadband power meter in such cases can produce incorrect readings because it sums the power from all wavelengths. Therefore, filtered or wavelength-selective meters are essential to isolate the target wavelength.

Equipment Options Wavelength-Selective Optical Power Meters Instruments like the OMM-6810B with Power/Waveheads can measure both optical power and wavelength simultaneously. These heads self-calibrate for wavelength-dependent detector response, providing accurate power readings without manual wavelength entry. They are suitable for lab or production testing of OLT lasers and fiber links.

Field PO

N Testers Devices such as the VIAVI SmartPocket V2 OLP-39 allow simultaneous selective measurement of G/E-PON (1490 nm) and XGS-PON (1577 nm) wavelengths with a single fiber connection. These testers use optical filters to separate wavelengths, ensuring accurate power readings even when multiple services coexist on the same PON.

Measurement Procedure

Connect the meter to the OLT output using the appropriate fiber connector (SC, LC, etc.). Select the target wavelength on the meter or ensure the wavelength-selective head is in use. Calibrate the meter if necessary, using a reference source or transfer standard to account for detector responsivity.

Record the optical power displayed, ensuring the meter is not saturated and the fiber is properly aligned. Repeat for other wavelengths if multiple services are present, using either separate filtered measurements or a multi-wavelength tester.

Key Considerations

Avoid broadband meters when multiple wavelengths are present, as they cannot distinguish between signals. Use wavelength-selective or filtered meters to prevent measurement errors. Account for connector losses and fiber attenuation to ensure accurate absolute power readings.

Verify calibration periodically, especially for high-precision or production measurements. By following these practices, technicians can accurately measure OLT emission power at selective wavelengths, ensuring proper PON performance and service quality.

Article Content

Selective optical power meter for FTTX-xPON

This feature allows you to measure optical power at wavelengths corresponding to networks RFoG or xPON. The instrument is connected in "pass-through" mode, that is, it measures simultaneously the

The FOA Reference For Fiber Optics

The NIST primary standard for all power measurements is an ECPR, or electrically calibrated pyroelectric radiometer, which measures optical power by comparing

FTTH analyser and selective OPM

Connect a pulse generator, such as the PROLITE-105, in the head-end and check the quality of reception for each wavelength at each network outlet with the PROLITE-77B.

OLP-39 TruePON

OLP-39 provides the industry's first wavelength-selective power meter with PON-ID capabilities in a compact form factor that can easily fit in a technician's pocket. Detects ODN class and enables in

SmartPocket V2 OLP-39 TruePON Tester

The OLP-39X has a single mounted SC adapter providing simultaneous selective power measurement and TruePON PON-ID data analysis of both G-PON (1490 nm) and XGS-PON (1577 nm) wavelengths.

Optical Wavelength and Power Meters

The OMM-6810B is a power and wavelength meter capable of simultaneously measuring the optical power and wavelength of a laser source. A wide variety of measurement heads cover wavelength

PROLITE-67: Selective optical power meter for FTTx

Combined with Triple laser source PROLITE-105 automatically and simultaneously measures the optical power losses at the three wavelengths to certify the

Optical Power Meters

ILX Lightwave offers and a unique optical power/wavelength meter for accurate optical power measurement with wavelength measurement and a precision fiber optic power meter for test

Optical fiber measurements: Reflectometry or power?

OTDRs emit a pulsed light signal from one end into the fiber being measured, which travels along its length. The device then collects and analyzes the portions of this signal that have been reflected

OLTS: Optical Line Termination Systems Guide

Dive into OLTS (Optical Line Termination Systems) with our comprehensive guide. Explore this vital part of fiber optic networks.

This ruggedized PON Power Meter device is specially designed to test ...

This ruggedized PON Power Meter device is specially designed to test the FTTX PON network construction and maintenance of the fiber optic communications systems, which can connect

Optical Power Meters: Understand Their Uses and

Optical power meters are indispensable instruments for testing and maintaining modern fiber optic communication and other systems. Learn all

When to use an OTDR vs light source power meters

Choosing an OTDR vs a light source power meter for fiber testing can be complicated. Read this blog post and learn all about OLTS, LSPM, and OTDR testing.

Is there a need for 1490 nm testing in PONs?

Once the active network equipment (OLT and ONT) are installed and activated a verification step is performed using an optical power meter to measure the transmission wavelength of the equipment.

The FOA Reference For Fiber Optics

Optical power meters typically use semiconductor detectors since they are sensitive to light in the wavelengths and power levels common to fiber optics. Most fiber optic power meters are available

Optical power meter

An optical power meter (OPM) is a device used to measure the power in an optical signal. The term usually refers to a device used for measuring the average power in fiber optic systems.

VIavi Presentation Template

Measuring Power Levels at the ONT This quick card describes how to connect to a fiber under test, configure FTTx settings, and read power measurements with the VIavi OLP-87 NG-PON2 selective

Optical Power Meters

VIAVI offers fast, cost-effective, and easy-to-use power meters for installation and maintenance of single mode and multimode fiber optic networks and advanced, photonic-layer power meters for lab and

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