

Principle of Calibrating an Optical Power Meter



Overview

If the deviations are within spec, the meter is calibrated and you put a sticker on it with the next due date.

Key Takeaways

Optical power meters are calibrated by comparing their readings to a traceable reference standard under controlled conditions to ensure accurate measurement of optical power across specific wavelengths.

Core Principle

The calibration of an optical power meter establishes a precise relationship between the meter's indicated values and known optical power levels. This is achieved by comparing the device under test (DUT) to a working standard with higher accuracy, which in turn is calibrated against a reference standard traceable to a national metrology institute such as NIST in the USA, PTB in Germany, or NPL in the UK. This traceability ensures that measurements are internationally recognized and consistent.

Calibration Procedure



Selection of Wavelengths: Optical power meters are typically calibrated at standard telecommunication wavelengths, such as 850 nm, 1310 nm, and 1550 nm, using either collimated beams or fiber/connector configurations. The calibration wavelength must match the intended use of the meter to minimize errors caused by wavelength-dependent detector responses. **Detector Considerations:** Most meters use photodiodes made of silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), or indium gallium arsenide (InGaAs).

Each detector type has a unique spectral responsivity, which must be accounted for during calibration. The calibration process corrects for nonlinearity, uniformity, and wavelength sensitivity. **Reference Standards:** Absolute power calibration often relies on cryogenic radiometers or calorimeters as primary standards.

These devices provide highly accurate measurements of optical power, which are then transferred to working standards and finally to the DUT. **Measurement Setup:** The optical source is stabilized, and the meter is exposed to a known optical power. For fiber-based measurements, the meter should be calibrated with the same fiber type and connector used in actual measurements to account for back-reflection and coupling effects.

Data Acquisition and Adjustment: The meter's readings are recorded and compared to the reference. Any deviations are corrected through firmware adjustments or calibration coefficients, ensuring the meter provides accurate readings across its operational range.

Importance of Calibration

Calibration ensures accuracy, repeatability, and traceability of optical power measurements, which is critical for fiber optic system testing, component characterization, and quality assurance. Regular calibration is also required to comply with standards such as ISO/IEC 17025 and ISO 9001.

Summary

In essence, the calibration principle of optical power meters is based on traceable comparison to a higher-accuracy standard, accounting for wavelength-dependent detector characteristics, optical configuration, and environmental conditions. This process guarantees reliable and internationally recognized optical power measurements for research, manufacturing, and field applications.

Article Content

application note 015 Calibration of optical power meters

This application note demystifies how EXFO's IQS-12002 Optical Calibration System can guide you through the calibration of power meters, covering issues such as traceability and technical

Optical Power Meter Calibration: When and How

If the deviations are within spec, the meter is calibrated and you put a sticker on it with the next due date. If deviations exceed spec, the lab adjusts the meter's

Optical Fiber Power Meter Calibrations at NIST

NIST has established measurement services for the calibration of optical fiber power meters at the three nominal wavelengths of 850, 1300, and 1550 nm using either collimated beam or optical

Beginner's Guide to Power Meter Usage for Optical Networks

Power meters are calibrated to read in dB referenced to one milliwatt of optical power. Regular recalibration ensures measurement uncertainty stays within $\pm 5\%$, as recommended by

How to calibrate optical power meter?

Using the common methods and tools mentioned in the step-by-step guide, you can keep your optical power meter accurate and reliable. Calibrating your equipment regularly is key

Operation, Maintenance & Calibration of Optical Power Meters

Learn how to operate, maintain, and calibrate GAO Tek's Optical Power Meters with detailed guidelines for accurate fiber optic measurements.

How to Check and Calibrate Optical Power Meter?

A send""optical power meter is correctly calibrated when using a equivalent testing practices. Knowing a few problems and how to address them can help ensure your results are reliable.

Calibrating Power Meters and Sensors for Ultimate Accuracy

To validate power meters and sensors precisely, you'll need to follow recognized standards and establish rigorous procedures. Start with a visual inspection, then verify linearity

How to Calibrate an Optical Power Meter

There are two main methods for calibrating an optical power meter: absolute calibration and relative calibration. Absolute calibration involves using a traceable optical power standard,...

Monochromator

A monochromator can use either the phenomenon of optical dispersion in a prism, or that of diffraction using a diffraction grating, to spatially separate the colors of

Pressure Transmitter – Working Principle, Types,

Working Principle of a Pressure Transmitter A pressure transmitter works by converting applied process pressure into an electrical signal using a

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How to calibrate optical power meter?

Choosing Wavelengths and Calibrating Your Optical Power Meter Although calibrating your optical power meter sounds challenging, it is very simple if you follow these straightforward

Features of the Calibration of Optical Power Meters

Fiber-optic technologies and fiber-optic communication lines have gained widespread popularity in the construction of global networks and data transmission systems. Optic power meter (OPM) is used for

Optical Power Meter Head Special Calibration | Keysight

Keysight offers a number of optical power measurement solutions that use the 816xA/B family of optical mainframes as host to a number of modules. The most versatile and accurate optical power meters

Calibrating Fiber-Optic Power Meters In-House

Many companies find it advantageous to have an in-house calibration verification system for fiber-optic power meters, light sources, and variable attenuators.

Calibration of Fiber Optic Instruments

Calibrating the loss scale is a matter of checking the linearity of the power measurement against a calibrated optical power meter, e.g., does the instrument indicate 1 dB loss when the power

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